# HIT OR MISS BY JOEY LATIMER

Commodore 64 version of Hit or Miss

Hit or Miss is an arcadestyle game that's kind of a mixture of Ping-Pong, pinball, and bowling. When you first type RUN, you're presented with a square grid, surrounded by four rails. The upper and lower parts of the grid are filled with little circles (point markers) and plus signs (bumpers). The top and bottom rails are marked HIT and MISS, respectively.

Press any key to start the game. A projectile character will be sent into play, heading upwards at an angle toward the HIT rail. Your paddle will appear at the center line of the grid—move it left with the "B" key, right with the "N" key.

As the projectile travels upward, it encounters some of the circles or plus signs. Circles are worth 20 points each—they disappear when you hit them and do not change your projectile's direction. Plus signs also are worth 20 points, but these will send your projectile in a new direction before evaporating.

When the projectile encounters the HIT rail, it bounces off, and starts heading back. Every time

the projectile strikes the HIT rail, you receive a bonus equal to the number of pluses and circles you've already hit. The object of the game is to keep the projectile in play, and win points by preventing it from getting past your paddle and hitting the MISS rail. If it does, the game is over. Simple.

<u>PAD</u>DLE KEYS: N = RIGHT

But wait! The HIT and MISS rails frequently swap position. You'll have to be ready to change your strategy in a split-second to keep the projectile away from the deadly trap.

And that's not all. Bonus markers (asterisks) appear randomly in the grid throughout the game. These are worth 500 points each. To further stir things up, more plus-sign bumpers will start appearing before you've played too long. A nest of plus signs can really bounce you around!

# **PROGRAM NOTES**

When you sit down to write an arcade-style game in BASIC, you have to make some hard decisions. BASIC is great for most general-purpose computing projects, but it's slow, and this works against you when you want to write an action-oriented game.

Machine language, in the hands of a good programmer/designer, is fast enough to make almost any game scenario into a complex, delicately timed, and briskly responsive program. BASIC isn't—so the BASIC programmer has to plan an action-oriented game carefully to exploit BASIC's advantages and ensure that the game doesn't rely purely on speed for its appeal.

In designing Hit or Miss to run on six different computers, I took a careful look at BASIC, and reached the following conclusions. Since drawing complex graphics on the screen is not BASIC's strong suit, I knew I couldn't design an entertaining game that depended heavily on "realistic" images-spaceships, airplanes, and so on. On the other hand, one of the things BASIC does best and fastest is handle text; and letters, numbers, and graphic characters can combine to form interesting images. So I decided my game would be programmed in text mode, and that it would be based on simple, abstract shapes.

Next, I realized that since text mode provides only a very coarse array of screen positions, objects in my game would have to move in very simple waysup, down, sideways, or diagonally. I decided on a bounce-and-ricochet theme, first because I could simulate these motions with simple movements, and second because the bouncing projectile could be formed from a single character. A paddle is a natural tool for bouncing things, and I had block characters to make it with—perfect! My theme would be single-paddle bounce-and-ricochet.

But what fun is bouncing, anyway? To provide a challenge, I had to find a reason for bouncing-some goal to be accomplished, or peril to be avoided. Eventually, I found both-but by a very indirect route. Hoping to provide a goal consistent with the scenario, I started by adding a group of single-character "markers" to the paddle and projectile display. When the projectile passed over these objects, the player would win points. Next, I hit on the idea that some of these markers also could act as "bumpers," changing the projectile's direction. The pattern of markers and bumpers added some interest to the display, as well. The variety of the whole scenario could be increased by having some bumpers and markers appear randomly as the game went on.

But then a couple of problems cropped up. At this point, the game was played across the entire screen, which was a long way to move a paddle in BASIC. The bumpers introduced so much randomness into the projectile's direction that I knew players would have problems anticipating what it would

do, and might have trouble reaching it in time to keep it in play. So I added four rails to confine the projectile and focus the action of the game in a smaller area. Since play occurred over a smaller area, the game seemed to move faster as well-a bonus!

The screen looked good and the game played well, but there was no real way to lose, and that was boring. In the process of refining the code that printed the rails on the screen, however, I saw an opportunity to add this challenge. Since the top and bottom rails were simply strings of characters, they could be printed on the screen very quickly in position. So why not make one rail a trap, one rail a target, and then,

during the game, switch them back and forth randomly so that the player would have to respond correctly to a constantly changing situation? The HIT and MISS rails were born in that moment of inspiration. I think they really make the game unique.

If you'd like to read more about the process of designing a computer game, I'd suggest you pick up a copy of Chris Crawford's book, The Art of Computer Game Design (Osborne/ McGraw-Hill, 1984, \$14.95). Chris is a master programmer, author of the award-winning games Eastern Front and Legionnaire, and has lots of sharp things to say about how a really good game should be put together.

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43Ø IF RND(Ø) > Ø.7 THEN GOSUB 1000
440 VTAB HR: HTAB HC: PRINT SS;
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450 VTAB RX:HTAB CX:INVERSE:PRINT Q\$;:NORMAL 460 HC = CX:HR = RX:IF RX = 11 THEN 240

470 K = PEEK (-16384)-128

480 NP = NP+((K = 78)-(K = 66))\*2:POKE -16368,0

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610

620

630

640

650

660

670

680

690

700

1000 1019

1020

1030 1049

2000

3000

Con

10 5

20 F

30 I

40 F

50 5

60 B

70 E

80 1

90 1

199

110

120

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140

150

160

:PR

179

190

N. 22

200

210

220

230

240

SOUN

0,0

490 IF LP = NP THEN 240

500 IF NP < 9 THEN NP = 9 510 IF NP > 34 THEN NP = 34

520 VTAB 11:HTAB LP:PRINT N\$

530 VTAB 11:HTAB NP:INVERSE:PRINT P\$:NORMAL

540 LP = NP:GOTO 240

55Ø FOR DE = 1 TO 45:C = 3:GOSUB 4ØØØ

560 VTAB HR: HTAB HC: INVERSE

57Ø PRINT CHR\$(INT(RND(1)\*2)+42)

580 NEXT DE: NORMAL: VTAB 23: SPEED= 175

590 FOR DE = 1 TO 10:PRINT:NEXT DE

600 SPEED= 255:PRINT "SORRY, YOU MISSED." 610 PRINT:PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS ";SC;" POINTS."

620 IF SC > HS THEN HS = SC:PRINT:PRINT "A NEW RECORD!

630 PRINT: PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS "; HS;" POINTS."

640 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT " PLEASE SELECT: ": PRINT

650 PRINT " <R>EPLAY": PRINT " <Q>UIT"

660 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT

670 K = PEEK (-16384): IF K = 81 THEN END

68Ø IF K = 82 THEN 8Ø

690 POKE -16368,0:GOTO 670

1000 PRINT CHR\$(7);:FL = NOT FL:IF FL THEN 1030

1010 VTAB 1:HTAB 8:INVERSE:PRINT M\$

1020 VTAB 21:HTAB 8:PRINT H\$:NORMAL:RETURN

1030 VTAB 1:HTAB 8:INVERSE:PRINT H\$

1040 VTAB 21:HTAB 8:PRINT MS:NORMAL:RETURN

2000 VTAB 9:HTAB 1:PRINT SC:RETURN

3000 PE = SCRN(CX-1,2\*(RX-1))+16\*SCRN(CX-1,2\*(RX-1)+1)

3010 PE = PE-128: RETURN

4000 FOR S = 1 TO C:A = PEEK(-16336):NEXT S:RETURN

#### Atari/Hit or Miss

10 DIM S\$(1),L\$(28),B\$(28),C\$(4),M\$(30),H\$(30),Q\$(1),P\$( 3),N\$(3)

20 OPEN #1,4,0,"K:":GRAPHICS 0:POKE 82,1:POKE 752,1 30 SETCOLOR 1,0,0:SETCOLOR 2,8,10:SETCOLOR 4,0,10

40 HS=0:S\$=CHR\$(32):L\$=S\$:L\$(28)=L\$:L\$(2)=L\$

5Ø B\$=CHR\$(2Ø):B\$(28)=B\$:B\$(2)=B\$

60 C\$=CHR\$(19):C\$(4)=C\$:C\$(2)=C\$:B\$(13,16)=C\$

7Ø M\$="///////MISS////////

80 H\$="=======HIT!========"

90 FOR X=1 TO 30:M\$(X,X)=CHR\$(ASC(M\$(X))+128)

100 H\$(X,X)=CHR\$(ASC(H\$(X))+128):NEXT X

11Ø Q\$="X":N\$=L\$

120 P\$=CHR\$(146):P\$(2)=P\$:P\$(3)=P\$

13Ø CX=INT(RND(1)\*25)+9:IF CX>2Ø AND CX<25 THEN 13Ø

14Ø FL=1:DR=-1:DC=-1:SC=Ø:RX=11:HC=CX:HR=RX:NP=22:HP=19: M=Ø

15Ø PRINT CHR\$(125):POSITION 1,6:PRINT "YOUR":PRINT "SCO RE:":PRINT :PRINT SC

160 POSITION 1,13:PRINT "HIGH":PRINT "SCORE:"

170 PRINT : PRINT HS

180 FOR X=2 TO 20:POSITION 8,X:PRINT CHR\$(160);

190 IF X>9 AND X<13 THEN PRINT L\$;:GOTO 210

200 PRINT B\$;

210 PRINT CHR\$(160): NEXT X

220 POSITION 12,11:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN."

230 POSITION 9,23:PRINT "PADDLE KEYS: B=LEFT N=RIGHT";

24Ø GOSUB 1Ø3Ø

250 GET #1,K

260 POSITION 9,11:PRINT LS

27Ø IF RND (Ø) > Ø. Ø5 THEN 31Ø

280 CH=42: IF M>300 AND RND(1)>0.5 THEN CH=19

29Ø XR=INT(RND(Ø)\*16)+3:XC=INT(RND(Ø)\*21)+10:IF XR>9 AND XR<13 THEN 290

300 POSITION XC, XR: PRINT CHR\$(CH);

31Ø CX=CX+DC:RX=RX+DR

320 LOCATE CX,RX,PE:POSITION CX,RX:PUT #6,PE

330 IF PE=19 OR PE=20 THEN SC=SC+20:M=M+1

# Apple/Hit or Miss

10 TEXT:  $HS = \emptyset$ : SS = CHRS(32)

20 L\$ = S\$:FOR X = 1 TO 22:L\$ = L\$+S\$:NEXT X

30 B\$ = "0":FOR X = 2 TO 28

40 B = B + CHR (43 + ((X < 13) + (X > 16)) + 36) : NEXT X

50 M\$ = "////////MISS///////" 60 H\$ = "=======HIT!======="

70 Q\$ = "X":P\$ = "---":N\$ = S\$+S\$+S\$

80 CX = INT(RND(1)\*25)+9:IF CX > 20 AND CX < 25 THEN 8

90 RX = 11:FL = 1:DR = -1:DC = -1:SC = 0

100 HC = CX:HR = RX:NP = 22:LP = 19:M = 0

110 HOME: NORMAL

120 VTAB 6: PRINT "YOUR": PRINT "SCORE: ": PRINT: PRINT SC 130 VTAB 13:PRINT "HIGH":PRINT "SCORE:":PRINT:PRINT HS

140 VTAB 11:PRINT TAB(12); "PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN."

150 INVERSE: FOR X = 2 TO 20: VTAB X: HTAB 8: PRINT S\$;

160 IF X > 9 AND X < 13 THEN 180

170 NORMAL: PRINT B\$;: INVERSE

180 HTAB 37: PRINT S\$: NEXT X: NORMAL

190 VTAB 23:PRINT TAB(17); "PADDLE KEYS:"

200 PRINT TAB(13); "B = LEFT N = RIGHT";

210 GOSUB 1030

220 K = PEEK(-16384): IF K < 128 THEN 220

230 POKE -16368,0: VTAB 11: HTAB 12: PRINT L\$

240 IF RND(1) > 0.05 THEN 290

250 CH = 42:IF M > 300 AND RND(1) > 0.5 THEN CH = 43

260 XR = INT(RND(1)\*16)+3

27Ø IF XR > 9 AND XR < 13 THEN 26Ø

280 VTAB XR:HTAB INT(RND(1)\*21)+10:PRINT CHR\$(CH)

290 CX = CX+DC:RX = RX+DR

300 GOSUB 3000

310 IF PE = 43 OR PE = 79 THEN SC = SC+20:M = M+1

320 IF PE = 42 THEN SC = SC+500:C = 5:GOSUB 4000

330 GOSUB 2000: IF PE = 43 THEN DC = -DC: GOTO 440

340 IF CX > 8 AND CX < 37 THEN 370

350 DC = -DC:C = 3:GOSUB 4000 360 CX = CX+DC:GOSUB 3000

370 IF RX > 1 AND RX < 21 AND PE+128 <> 45 THEN 440

380 DR = -DR:C = 3:GOSUB 4000

390 IF RX < 2 THEN RX = 3: IF FL = 0 THEN 550 400 IF RX > 20 THEN RX = 19:IF FL THEN 550

410 IF PE+128 = 45 THEN RX = RX+2\*DR:GOTO 440 420 SC = SC+M: GOSUB 2000

340 IF PE=42 THEN SC=SC+500:C=15:GOSUB 3000 350 GOSUB 2000: IF PE=19 THEN DC=-DC: GOTO 460 360 IF CX>8 AND CX<37 THEN 390 370 DC=-DC:C=100:GOSUB 3000:CX=CX+DC 380 LOCATE CX,RX,PE:POSITION CX,RX:PUT #6,PE 390 IF RX>1 AND RX<21 AND PE<>146 THEN 460 400 DR=-DR:C=200:GOSUB 3000 410 IF RX<2 THEN RX=3:IF NOT FL THEN 570 420 IF RX>20 THEN RX=19:IF FL THEN 570 430 IF PE=146 THEN RX=RX+2\*DR:GOTO 460 440 SC=SC+M:GOSUB 2000 450 IF RND(0)>0.7 THEN GOSUB 1000 460 POSITION HC, HR: PRINT S\$; 470 POSITION CX, RX: PRINT Q\$; 48Ø HC=CX:HR=RX:IF RX=11 THEN 27Ø 490 POKE 555,1:POKE 753,0:K=PEEK(764):POKE 764,255:SOUND 0,0,0,0 500 NP=NP+2\*((K=35)-(K=21)) 51Ø IF HP=NP THEN 27Ø 520 IF NP<9 THEN NP=9 53Ø IF NP>34 THEN NP=34 540 POSITION HP,11:PRINT NS; 550 POSITION NP,11:PRINT PS; 560 HP=NP:GOTO 270 570 FOR DE=1 TO 25: SOUND 0, INT(RND(0) \*255), 10,8 58Ø POSITION HC, HR: PRINT CHR\$(INT(RND(Ø)\*4)+42): NEXT DE: SOUND 0,0,0,0 590 FOR DE=1 TO 30:PRINT :NEXT DE 600 PRINT "SORRY, YOU MISSED." 610 PRINT :PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS ";SC;" POINTS." 620 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC:PRINT :PRINT "A NEW RECORD!" 630 PRINT :PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS ";HS;" POINTS." 640 PRINT :PRINT :PRINT " PLEASE SELECT:":PRINT 650 PRINT " <R>EPLAY" 660 PRINT " <Q>UIT" 670 PRINT :PRINT :PRINT :PRINT 68Ø GET #1,K:IF K=81 THEN POKE 752,Ø:POKE 82,2:END 69Ø IF K<>82 THEN 68Ø 700 GOTO 130 1000 SOUND 0,100,10,10:FL= NOT FL:IF FL THEN 1030 1010 POSITION 8,1:PRINT M\$ 1020 POSITION 8,21:PRINT H\$:RETURN 1030 POSITION 8,1:PRINT H\$ 1040 POSITION 8,21:PRINT MS:RETURN 2000 POSITION 1,9:PRINT SC;:RETURN 3000 SOUND 0,C,10,10:FOR S=1 TO 10:NEXT S:RETURN

#### Commodore 64/Hit or Miss

240 IF X=11 THEN KO=K2

25Ø NEXT X

1Ø SN=54272:SB=1Ø24:CB=55296:HS=Ø:SD=Ø:R=214 20 POKE 650,128:POKE 53281,0:POKE 53280,0 30 FOR X=SN TO SN+24:POKE X,0:NEXT X 40 POKE SN+5,128:POKE SN+6,128:POKE SN+24,15 50 S\$=CHR\$(32):L\$=S\$:FOR X=1 TO 22:L\$=L\$+S\$:NEXT X 60 B\$=CHR\$(113):FOR X=2 TO 28 7Ø B\$=B\$+CHR\$(113-10\*(X>12 AND X<17)):NEXT X 8Ø MS=CHR\$(18)+"////////MISS///////" 90 H\$=CHR\$(18)+"=======HIT!=======" 100 Q\$=CHR\$(5)+CHR\$(118):E\$=CHR\$(144)+S\$ 110 P\$=CHR\$(18)+CHR\$(156)+"---":N\$=CHR\$(144)+S\$+S\$+S\$ 120 CX=INT(RND(1)\*25)+9:IF CX>20 AND CX<25 THEN 120 13Ø RX=11:FL=-1:DR=-1:DC=-1:SC=Ø 14Ø HC=CX:HR=RX:NP=22:LP=19:M=Ø 150 PRINT CHR\$(147):POKE SN,198:POKE SN+1,45 160 POKE R,5:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(5);" YOUR":PRINT " SCORE:" :PRINT:PRINT SC 170 POKE R,12:PRINT:PRINT " HIGH":PRINT " SCORE:"
180 PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(5);HS 190 POKE R, 10: PRINT: PRINT TAB(12); "PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGI N."; CHR\$(19) 200 K1=INT(RND(1)\*3)+152:K2=INT(RND(1)\*7)+149:K0=K1 210 PRINT: FOR X=1 TO 19: PRINT TAB(8); CHR\$(18); CHR\$(156); 220 IF X<9 OR X>11 THEN PRINT CHR\$(146); CHR\$(KO); B\$; 23Ø PRINT TAB(37); CHR\$(18); CHR\$(156); S\$

260 POKE R,22:PRINT:PRINT TAB(18); "PADDLE KEYS:" 27Ø PRINT TAB(13);"B = LEFT N = RIGHT"; CHR\$(19)28Ø GOSUB 1Ø3Ø 290 GET K\$: IF K\$="" THEN 290 300 POKE R, 10: PRINT: PRINT TAB(12); L\$ 310 IF RND (0) >0.05 THEN 360 32Ø CH=42:IF M>3ØØ AND RND(1)>Ø.5 THEN CH=123 33Ø XR=INT(RND(1)\*16)+3 340 IF XR>9 AND XR<13 THEN 330 350 POKE R, XR-1:PRINT:PRINT TAB(INT(RND(1)\*21)+10);CHR\$( 5); CHR\$(CH) 36Ø CX=CX+DC:RX=RX+DR 370 PE=PEEK (SB+CX+RX\*40) 38Ø IF PE=81 OR PE=91 THEN SC=SC+2Ø:M=M+1 390 IF PE=42 THEN SC=SC+500:SD=33:POKE SN+4,SD 400 GOSUB 2000: IF PE=91 THEN DC=-DC:GOTO 520 41Ø IF CX>8 AND CX<37 THEN 44Ø 420 DC=-DC:SD=129:POKE SN+4,SD:CX=CX+DC 430 PE=PEEK (SB+CX+RX\*40) 440 IF RX>1 AND RX<21 AND PE<>173 THEN 520 450 DR=-DR: SD=129: POKE SN+4, SD 460 IF RX<2 THEN RX=3:IF NOT FL THEN 620 47Ø IF RX>2Ø THEN RX=19:IF FL THEN 62Ø 480 IF PE=173 THEN RX=RX+2\*DR:GOTO 520 490 IF RX=11 THEN PRINT PE:STOP 500 SC=SC+M:GOSUB 2000 510 IF RND(1)>0.7 THEN GOSUB 1000 520 POKE R, HR-1: PRINT: PRINT TAB(HC); S\$ 530 POKE R, RX-1: PRINT: PRINT TAB(CX); Q\$ 540 HC=CX:HR=RX:IF RX=11 THEN 310 550 GET K\$:NP=NP+2\*((K\$="B")-(K\$="N")):IF SD THEN POKE S N+4,SD-1:SD=Ø 560 IF LP=NP THEN 310 570 IF NP<9 THEN NP=9 58Ø IF NP>34 THEN NP=34 590 POKE R, 10: PRINT: PRINT TAB(LP); N\$ 600 POKE R,10:PRINT:PRINT TAB(NP);P\$ 610 LP=NP:GOTO 310 620 POKE SN+4,33:FOR DE=1 TO 25 630 POKE R,HR-1:PRINT:PRINT TAB(HC);CHR\$(INT(RND(1)\*2)+1 18) 640 POKE SN,38:POKE SN+1,INT(RND(1)\*69)+1:NEXT DE 650 POKE SN+4,0 660 POKE R,23:PRINT 670 FOR DE=1 TO 10:PRINT CHR\$(13):NEXT DE 680 PRINT CHR\$(158); "SORRY, YOU MISSED."
690 PRINT: PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS"; SC; "POINTS."
700 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC: PRINT: PRINT CHR\$(159); "A NEW REC ORD!"; CHR\$(158) 710 PRINT: PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS"; HS; "POINTS." 720 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(150);" PLEASE SELECT:": PRINT 73Ø PRINT " <R>EPLAY" 740 PRINT " <Q>UIT" 750 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT 760 GET KS: IF KS="Q" THEN END 770 IF K\$<>"R" THEN 760 78Ø GOTO 12Ø 1000 POKE SN+4,17:FL=NOT FL:IF FL THEN 1030 1010 POKE R,1:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(19);CHR\$(28);TAB(48);M\$ 1020 POKE R, 20: PRINT: PRINT CHR\$(158); TAB(8); H\$: RETURN 1030 POKE R,1:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(19);CHR\$(158);TAB(48);H\$ 1040 POKE R,20:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(28);TAB(8);M\$:RETURN 2000 POKE R,8:PRINT:PRINT CHR\$(5); SC:RETURN IBM PCs/Hit or Miss 10 CLS:KEY OFF: SCREEN Ø,1:WIDTH 40:LOCATE ,,Ø

## ARCADE GAME

110 HC=CX:HR=RX:NP=21:LP=19:M=0 3Ø B\$="0":FOR X=2 TO 22 4Ø B\$=B\$+CHR\$(43-((X<1Ø)+(X>13))\*36):NEXT X 120 CLS 130 COLOR 3:LOCATE 6,1:PRINT "YOUR":PRINT "SCORE:":PRI 50 A\$=CHR\$(159):FOR X=1 TO 8:A\$=A\$+CHR\$(159):NEXT X NT:PRINT SC 6Ø H\$=CHR\$(255)+A\$+CHR\$(1Ø4)+CHR\$(1Ø5)+CHR\$(116)+CHR\$( 140 COLOR 10:LOCATE 13,1:PRINT "HIGH":PRINT "SCORE:":P 127) +A\$+CHR\$(255) RINT: PRINT HS 7Ø A\$=CHR\$(191):FOR X=1 TO 8:A\$=A\$+CHR\$(191):NEXT X 150 KO=3:FOR X=2 TO 20:LOCATE X,8:COLOR 5:PRINT V\$; 8Ø M\$=CHR\$(255)+A\$+CHR\$(1Ø9)+CHR\$(1Ø5)+CHR\$(115)+CHR\$( 16Ø IF X>9 AND X<13 THEN PRINT SPC(28); V\$: GOTO 18Ø 115)+A\$+CHR\$(255) 170 COLOR KO:PRINT B\$;:COLOR 5:PRINT V\$ 9Ø Q\$="X" 18Ø IF X=12 THEN KO=2 100 P\$=CHR\$(175)+CHR\$(175)+CHR\$(175)+CHR\$(175):N\$=S\$+S 190 NEXT X \$+\$\$+\$\$ 200 COLOR 15:LOCATE 11,12:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGI 110 CX=RND(20)+8:IF CX>16 AND CX<20 THEN 110 12Ø RX=8:FL=-1:DR=-1:DC=-1:SC=Ø 210 COLOR 7:LOCATE 23,17:PRINT "PADDLE KEYS:" 130 HC=CX:HR=RX:NP=17:HP=16:M=0 220 PRINT TAB(12); "B = LEFT N = RIGHT"; 14Ø CLS 23Ø GOSUB 1Ø3Ø 150 PRINT@64, "YOUR": PRINT "SCORE": PRINT: PRINT SC 240 K\$=INKEY\$: IF K\$="" THEN 240 160 PRINT@288,"HIGH":PRINT "SCORE":PRINT:PRINT HS 170 PRINT@232,"PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN"; 250 LOCATE 11,12:PRINT L\$ 26Ø IF RND>.Ø5 THEN 31Ø 18Ø FOR X=1 TO 13 27Ø CH=42:IF M>3ØØ AND RND>.5 THEN CH=43 190 PRINT@7+X\*32, CHR\$(255); 28Ø XR=INT(RND\*16)+3 200 IF X>5 AND X<9 THEN 220 29Ø IF XR>9 AND XR<13 THEN 28Ø 21Ø PRINT B\$; 300 LOCATE XR, INT(RND\*21)+10:COLOR 7:PRINT CHR\$(CH); 22Ø PRINT@3Ø+X\*32,CHR\$(255) 310 CX=CX+DC:RX=RX+DR 23Ø NEXT X 320 PE=SCREEN(RX,CX,0) 240 PRINTa490,"B=LEFT N=RIGHT"; 33Ø IF PE=43 OR PE=79 THEN SC=SC+2Ø:M=M+1:GOSUB 2ØØØ 25Ø GOSUB 1Ø3Ø 340 IF PE=42 THEN SOUND 550,1:SC=SC+500:GOSUB 2000 260 K\$=INKEY\$: IF K\$="" THEN 260 350 IF PE=43 THEN DC=-DC:GOTO 460 270 PRINT@232,L\$; 36Ø IF CX>8 AND CX<37 THEN 39Ø 280 IF RND (10)>0.5 THEN 320 370 DC=-DC: SOUND 100,5 29Ø CH=42:IF M>15Ø AND RND(1Ø)>5 THEN CH=43 300 XR=RND(13):IF XR>5 AND XR<9 THEN 300 38Ø CX=CX+DC:PE=SCREEN(RX,CX,Ø) 39Ø IF RX>1 AND RX<21 AND PE<>219 THEN 46Ø 310 XC=RND(22)+7:PRINT@XC+XR\*32,CHR\$(CH); 400 DR=-DR: SOUND 90,5 320 CX=CX+DC:RX=RX+DR:PE=PEEK(1024+CX+RX\*32) 410 IF RX<2 THEN RX=2:IF NOT FL THEN 570 330 IF PE=107 OR PE=79 THEN SC=SC+20:M=M+1:PRINT@160,S 420 IF RX>20 THEN RX=20:IF FL THEN 570 430 IF PE=219 THEN RX=RX+2\*DR:GOTO 460 340 IF PE=106 THEN SC=SC+500:PRINT@160,SC;:SOUND 50,1 44Ø SC=SC+M:GOSUB 2ØØØ 350 IF PE=107 THEN DC=-DC:GOTO 460 450 IF RND>.7 THEN GOSUB 1000 360 IF CX>8 AND CX<30 THEN 390 460 LOCATE HR, HC: PRINT S\$; 370 DC=-DC:CX=CX+DC:SOUND 200,1 470 LOCATE RX, CX: COLOR 15: PRINT Q\$: COLOR 7 38Ø PE=PEEK (1024+XC+XR\*32) 48Ø HC=CX:HR=RX:IF RX=11 THEN 26Ø 390 IF RX>0 AND RX<14 AND PE<>175 THEN 460 490 K\$= INKEY\$ 400 DR=-DR: SOUND 244,1 500 NP=NP+((K\$="B")-(K\$="N"))\*2 41Ø IF RX<1 THEN RX=2:IF NOT FL THEN 59Ø 51Ø IF LP=NP THEN 26Ø 420 IF RX>13 THEN RX=12:IF FL THEN 590 52Ø IF NP<9 THEN NP=9 43Ø IF PE=175 THEN RX=RX+2\*DR:GOTO 46Ø 53Ø IF NP>33 THEN NP=33 44Ø SC=SC+M:PRINT@16Ø,SC; 540 LOCATE 11, LP: PRINT NS: LP=NP 45Ø IF RND(1Ø)>7 THEN GOSUB 1ØØØ 550 LOCATE 11, NP: PRINT P\$ 460 PRINTaHC+HR\*32,S\$; 470 PRINTacx+RX\*32,Q\$; 560 GOTO 260 570 FOR DE=1 TO 45:SOUND 300,.2:SOUND 800,.4 480 HC=CX:HR=RX:IF RX=7 THEN 280 489 REM -- TO USE JOYSTICK, REMOVE REM FROM LINE 490--580 LOCATE HR, HC: PRINT CHR\$(INT(RND\*2)+42) 590 NEXT DE:LOCATE 23,1 490 REM JO=JOYSTK(Ø) 600 FOR DE=1 TO 10:FOR DL=1 TO 20:NEXT DL 499 REM -- TO USE JOYSTICK, REMOVE REM FROM LINE 500--610 PRINT:NEXT DE:PRINT "SORRY, YOU MISSED." 620 PRINT:PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS";SC;"POINTS." 500 REM NP=NP-3\*((J0>20)-(J0<43)) 510 KS=INKEYS 630 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC:PRINT:PRINT "A NEW RECORD!" 52Ø NP=NP+3\*((K\$="B")-(K\$="N")) 640 PRINT: PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS"; HS; "POINTS." 53Ø IF NP=HP THEN 28Ø 650 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT " PLEASE SELECT: ": PRINT 540 IF NP<8 THEN NP=8 660 PRINT " <R>EPLAY":PRINT " <Q>UIT" 55Ø IF NP>26 THEN NP=26 670 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT 560 PRINTaHP+7\*32,N\$; 680 K\$=INKEY\$: IF K\$="Q" THEN END 57Ø PRINTONP+7\*32,P\$;:HP=NP 690 IF K\$="R" THEN 90 ELSE 680 58Ø GOTO 28Ø 1000 SOUND 400,2:SOUND 800,3:FL=NOT FL:IF FL THEN 1030 590 FOR DE=1 TO 25:SOUND RND(244),1:PRINTaHC+HR\*32,CHR \$(RND(110)+128);:NEXT DE 600 PRINTa478," ":FOR L=1 TO 16:PRINT:FOR DE=1 TO 35:N 1010 LOCATE 1,8:COLOR 5:PRINT V\$;:COLOR 4:PRINT M\$;:CO LOR 5: PRINT V\$ 1020 LOCATE 21,8:PRINT V\$;:COLOR 14:PRINT H\$;:COLOR 5: EXT DE: NEXT L 610 PRINT "SORRY, YOU MISSED." 620 PRINT:PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS";SC;"POINTS." PRINT VS: RETURN 1030 LOCATE 1,8:COLOR 5:PRINT V\$;:COLOR 14:PRINT H\$;:C OLOR 5: PRINT V\$ 630 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC:PRINT:PRINT "A NEW RECORD!" 1040 LOCATE 21,8:PRINT V\$;:COLOR 4:PRINT M\$;:COLOR 5:P 640 PRINT:PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS"; HS; "POINTS." RINT VS: RETURN 650 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT " PLEASE SELECT: ": PRINT 2000 COLOR 3:LOCATE 9,1:PRINT SC;:RETURN 660 PRINT " <R>EPLAY" 670 PRINT " <Q>UIT" 68Ø PRINT TRS-80 Color Computer/Hit or Miss 690 K\$=INKEY\$: IF K\$="Q" THEN END

700 IF K\$="R" THEN 110 ELSE 690

1000 SOUND 2,2:FL=NOT FL:IF FL THEN 1030

1919

1020

1934

1040

TR

10 0

20 L

30 B

40 E

50 H

69 H

70 E

80 0

90 F

100

110

120

130

140

150

OTO

160

170

180

199

200

210

220

230

240

250

260

270

280

290

300

310

320

330

340

350

360

370

380

390

400

419

420

430

440

450

460

470

480

490

500

510

520

530

540

550

560

570

580

590

600

619

620

63₽

640

100

102

0

10 CLEAR 1000:HS=0:S\$=CHR\$(32)

2Ø L\$=S\$:FOR X=1 TO 21:L\$=L\$+S\$:NEXT X

1010 PRINTA7,MS; 1020 PRINTA455,HS;:RETURN 1030 PRINTA7,HS; 1040 PRINTA455,MS;:RETURN

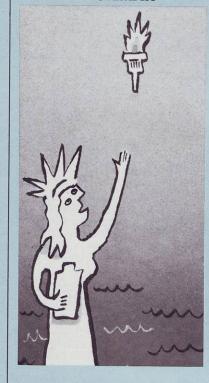
TRS-80 Model III/Hit or Miss 10 CLEAR 1000:CLS:HS=0:S\$=CHR\$(32):V\$=CHR\$(191) 20 L\$=S\$:FOR X=1 TO 22:L\$=L\$+S\$:NEXT X 3Ø B\$=V\$:FOR X=1 TO 28 40 B\$=B\$+CHR\$(43-((X<13)+(X>16))\*68):NEXT X 50 M\$=V\$+"////////MISS/////////\*+V\$ 60 H\$=V\$+"========HIT!======="+V\$ 7Ø B\$=B\$+V\$:Q\$="X":P\$=STRING\$(4,179):N\$=STRING\$(4,32) 8Ø CX=RND(25)+17:IF CX>2Ø AND CX<25 THEN 8Ø 90 RX=8:FL=-1:DR=-1:DC=-1:SC=0 100 HC=CX:HR=RX:NP=28:LP=20:M=0 110 CLS 120 PRINT@128,"YOUR":PRINT "SCORE:":PRINT:PRINT SC 130 PRINT@576,"HIGH":PRINT "SCORE:":PRINT:PRINT HS 14Ø FOR X=1 TO 13 150 IF X>5 AND X<9 THEN PRINT@16+X\*64, V\$; TAB(45); V\$;:G OTO 17Ø 160 PRINT@16+64\*X,B\$; 170 NEXT X:PRINT@468,"PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN."; 180 PRINT@435,"PADDLE KEYS:"; 190 PRINT@561,"B=LEFT N=RIGHT"; 200 GOSUB 1020 210 K\$=INKEY\$: IF K\$="" THEN 210 220 PRINT 0468,L\$; 23Ø IF RND(2Ø)>1 THEN 28Ø 240 CH=42:IF M>200 AND RND(10)>5 THEN CH=19 250 XR=RND (12)+1 260 IF XR>5 AND XR<9 THEN 250 27Ø PRINT@RND (27)+17+XR\*64, CHR\$(CH); 28Ø CX=CX+DC:RX=RX+DR 29Ø PE=PEEK (1536Ø+CX+RX\*64) 300 IF PE=43 OR PE=111 THEN SC=SC+20:M=M+1:GOSUB 2000 310 IF PE=42 THEN SC=SC+500:GOSUB 2000 320 IF PE=43 THEN DC=-DC:GOTO 430 330 IF CX>16 AND CX<44 THEN 360 34Ø DC=-DC:CX=CX+DC 350 PE=PEEK (15360+CX+RX\*64) 360 IF RX>0 AND RX<14 AND PE<>179 THEN 430 37Ø DR=-DR 380 IF RX<1 THEN RX=1:IF NOT FL THEN 540 390 IF RX>13 THEN RX=13:IF FL THEN 540 400 IF PE=179 THEN RX=RX+2\*DR:GOTO 430 410 SC=SC+M:GOSUB 2000 420 IF RND (10)>7 THEN GOSUB 1000 430 PRINTaHC+HR\*64,S\$; 440 PRINTacx+RX\*64,Q\$; 450 HC=CX:HR=RX:IF RX=7 THEN 230 460 KS=INKEYS 470 NP=NP+((K\$="B")-(K\$="N"))\*2 480 IF LP=NP THEN 230 490 IF NP<17 THEN NP=17 500 IF NP>41 THEN NP=41 510 PRINTaLP+448,N\$; 520 PRINTONP+448,P\$;:LP=NP 53Ø GOTO 23Ø 540 FOR DE=1 TO 50:PRINT@HC+HR\*64,CHR\$(RND(3)+32); 550 NEXT DE:PRINT@960,"" 560 FOR L=1 TO 16:PRINT:FOR DE=1 TO 5:NEXT DE:NEXT L 570 PRINT "SORRY, YOU MISSED."
580 PRINT:PRINT "YOUR SCORE WAS";SC;"POINTS."
590 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC:PRINT "A NEW RECORD!" 600 PRINT "THE HIGH SCORE IS"; HS; "POINTS." 610 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT "PLEASE SELECT: ": PRINT 620 PRINT "<R>EPLAY":PRINT "<Q>UIT":PRINT 630 K\$=INKEY\$:IF K\$="Q" THEN END 640 IF K\$="R" THEN 80 ELSE 630 1000 FL=NOT FL: IF FL THEN 1020 1010 PRINTa16, MS;: PRINTa912, HS;: RETURN

1020 PRINTa16, HS;: PRINTa912, MS;: RETURN

2000 PRINTA320, SC;: RETURN

# PGRAPH!

#### BY MARK GILMAN



ATARI PLAYER/ MISSILE GRAPHICS MADE FASY

When the Statue of Liberty was a "young lady" in her 20s, she welcomed all four of my grandparents to America. She is 98 now—wind and time have exacted their toll. On July 4, 1984, her famous torch was lowered as part of a major overhaul. The general public will have to wait until July 4 of next year to see the torch raised aloft again. But you don't have to wait that long. With your joystick and our demonstration program, Miss Liberty, you can set the torch on high well ahead of schedule!

This snazzy special effect is produced with one of the Atari's "players" (referred to as "sprites" on other systems; see Dr. Kursor's Klinic, p. 59) and *PGraph!*, a utility package that makes Atari player/missile graphics easy to use. Player/missile (or "P/M") graphics may be one of the Atari's least understood, but most powerful, features.

Players are graphic objects that are completely independent of everything else on the screen, and "missiles" are narrow players, useful to represent things like bullets. Both can be superimposed on any screen and moved around rapidly without affecting what's displayed underneath. Special sensors detect when they collide with each other or with parts of the background. "Priorities" can be set so that players or missiles seem to move in front of, or behind, other things on the screen. For these reasons, P/M graphics are used heavily by Atari game, graphics, and animation programmers.

Unfortunately, Atari BASIC provides no direct way of using players or missiles. Let's take a closer look at how P/M graphics work.

## **BIT-MAPPING**

A simple way to think of a player is to visualize a grid, such as a narrow strip of graph paper, eight blocks wide by some number of blocks high. By coloring in some of the blocks on this grid and leaving others blank, you can make a picture: a spaceship, a happy face, etc.